

Getting Ready to Read: Extending Vocabulary – The Frayer Model MATHEMATICS

The *Frayer Model*, *Concept Circles*, and *Verbal and Visual Word Associations* are three examples of visual organizers that help students understand key words and concepts. The *Frayer Model* is a chart with 4 sections which can hold a definition, some characteristics/facts, examples, and non-examples of the word/concept. A *Verbal and Visual Word Association* is also a chart with 4 sections, but with one section reserved for a visual representation. A *Concept Circle* is an organizer which is divided into sections to hold words/symbols that are connected by a common relationship. Extending vocabulary using the Frayer Model follows.

Purpose

- Identify unfamiliar concepts and vocabulary.
- Create a visual reference for concepts and vocabulary.

Payoff

Students will:

- develop understanding of key concepts and vocabulary.
- draw on prior knowledge to make connections among concepts.
- compare attributes and examples.
- think critically to find relationships between concepts and to develop deeper understanding.
- make visual connections and personal associations.

Tips and Resources

- Preview by scanning text (see Skimming and Scanning to Preview Text, pg. 32 *Think Literacy: Cross-Curricular Approaches, Grades* 7-12).
- Include targeted vocabulary/concepts in a classroom word wall. See Extending Vocabulary (Creating a Word Wall).
- Consider using the back of a word wall card for the vocabulary/concept organizer. When necessary, students can refer to the flip-side of a word wall card to clarify their understanding.
- Develop vocabulary/concept organizers in small groups using different strategies, for example, use a graffiti strategy
 by posting large Frayer Model charts (with a different word/concept on each chart). Students then move in small
 groups to add their knowledge to each posted chart.
- Strategically place the development of the organizer within the framework of the lesson/unit plan e.g., the day before
 beginning a geometry unit, assign a homework activity that asks students to find pictures of hexagons, octagons, and
 obtuse angles from printed media. Then, during the next day's "Minds On" activity, use the pictures in the
 development of the organizers.
- Be cognizant of math words that have different meanings in non-mathematical contexts (e.g., mean, rational, root, odd, radical, similar).
- Use organizers for developing understanding of symbols as well as words (e.g. ≤, π).
- Ensure that students understand that organizers such as the Concept Circle do not include all possible different types of examples.

See Student/Teacher Resource, The Frayer Model - Samples.

See Student/Teacher Resource, The Frayer Model – Templates.

Further Support

- Encourage students to use the organizers for reference as they might use a glossary or dictionary.
- Consider allowing students to use organizers during assessments.
- Use vocabulary organizers as assessment for learning to plan next steps.
- Combine the features of the organizers. For example, include pictures that provide a personal association within the sectors of a concept circle.
- When students are familiar with each type of organizer, consider allowing student choice in which type of organizer is used.



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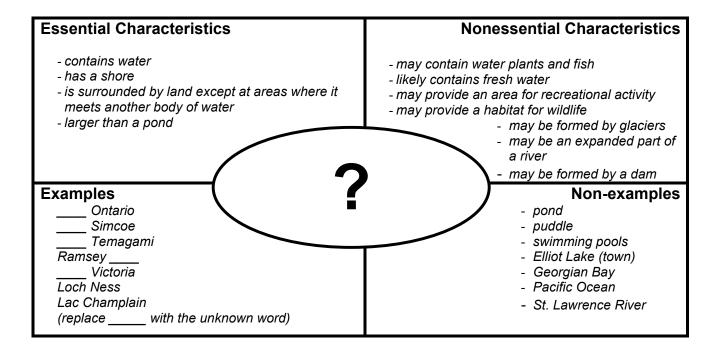
What teachers do	What students do	Notes
 Before Preview an activity or unit of study for key vocabulary and concepts. Modify the preview list using input from student preview lists. Use a graphic organizer to identify relationships among the words found during the preview and to show connections to students' prior knowledge from previous units, grades and/or student experiences. Select concepts that have potentially confusing connections or concepts that have several different characteristics. Determine which of the words are critical in developing deeper understanding of the mathematics in the activity or unit. Share a completed Frayer Model for a familiar nonmathematical concept but remove the name of the concept from the model. (See Student/Teacher Resource, <i>The Frayer Model – Samples.</i>) Create large Frayer Models on chart paper. 	 Preview an activity or unit of study to create a list of unfamiliar vocabulary and concepts. Determine the concept name. Ask questions to clarify understanding of the attributes of a Frayer Model. 	
 During Brainstorm as a whole class to create a list of words/phrases that connect to the concept. Form small groups and distribute one chart paper Frayer Model to each group. Direct students to place words and phrases from the brainstormed list into appropriate sections of the Frayer Model i.e. essential characteristics, non-essential characteristics, examples. Direct students to add more words/phrases as well as non-examples. Circulate and pose questions to refine understanding of the term. Ask a reporter from each group to present the group's Frayer Model. Post the models around the room. 	 Contribute to brainstorming. List essential characteristics that apply to all examples. List non-essential characteristics that apply to subsets of the term/concept Suggest additional words and phrases and non-examples that refine understanding of the term. Ask questions to clarify understanding Actively listen and reflect on learning. 	
 After Discuss how understanding of a concept is refined by thinking about non-examples. Consider assigning individual completion of a Frayer Model or a collective classroom model for display on a wall or on the back of a word wall card. Later in the lesson or unit of study, use a different colour pen to add new knowledge to the Frayer Model. 	 Reflect on the presentations, discussions and posted Frayer Model and decide if a personal copy is needed. 	

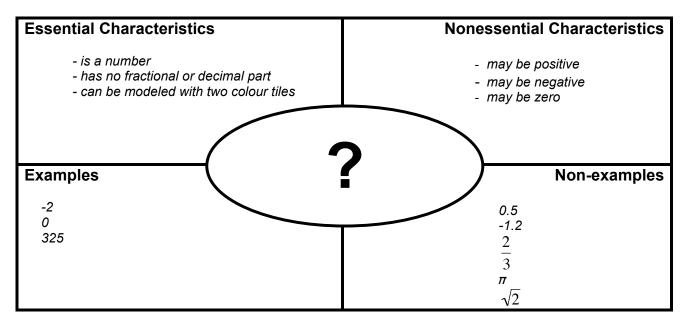


Student/Teacher Resource

The Frayer Model – Samples

Determine the unknown words in the given Frayer Models. How does thinking about non-examples clarify your understanding about the word?



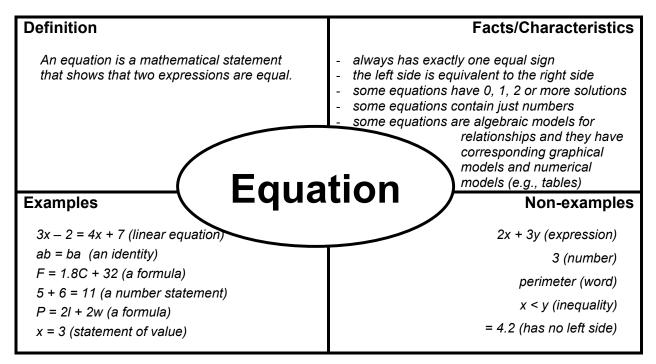


Answers: lake, integer

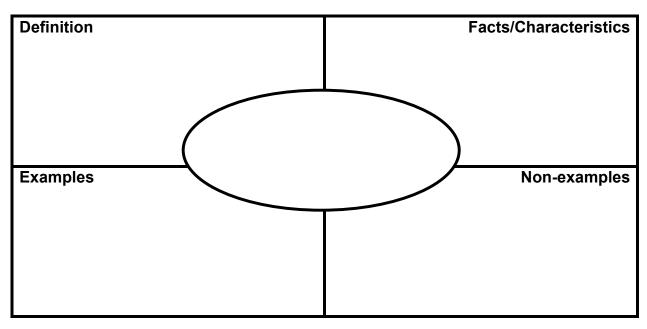
Student/Teacher Resource

The Frayer Model – Samples (Grade 8)

Notice that the top two boxes are titled "Definition" and "Facts/Characteristics". How does thinking about non-examples clarify your understanding about the word?



Complete a Frayer Model using the word _





Student/Teacher Resource

The Frayer Model – Templates for Two Versions

- Choose the version whose headings best suit the concept/word.
- Print the template on card stock.
- Direct students to complete the template individually, in small groups or as a whole class.
- Print the vocabulary word on the reverse side then place the card on a word wall for future reference.

