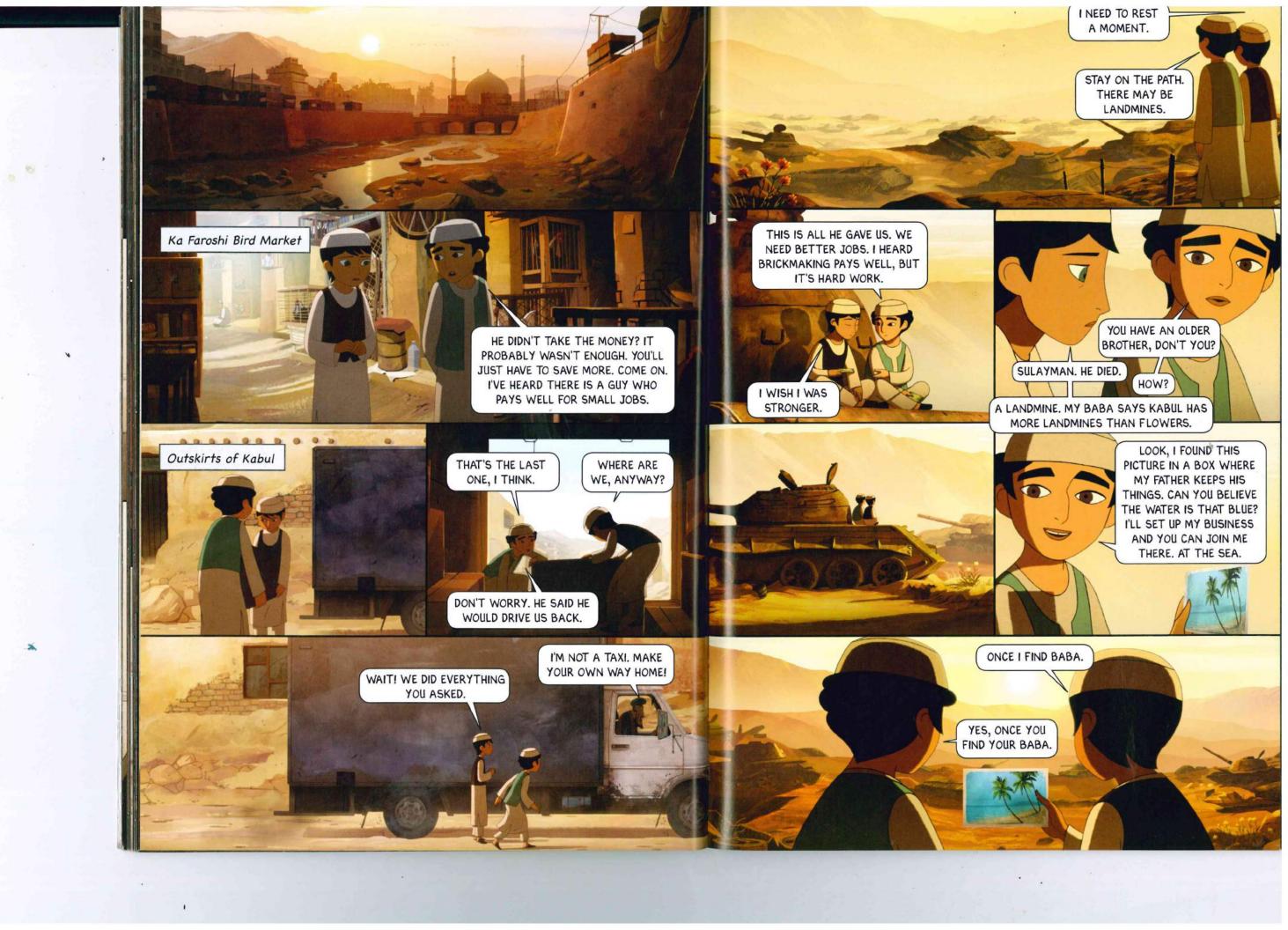


YOU GO?

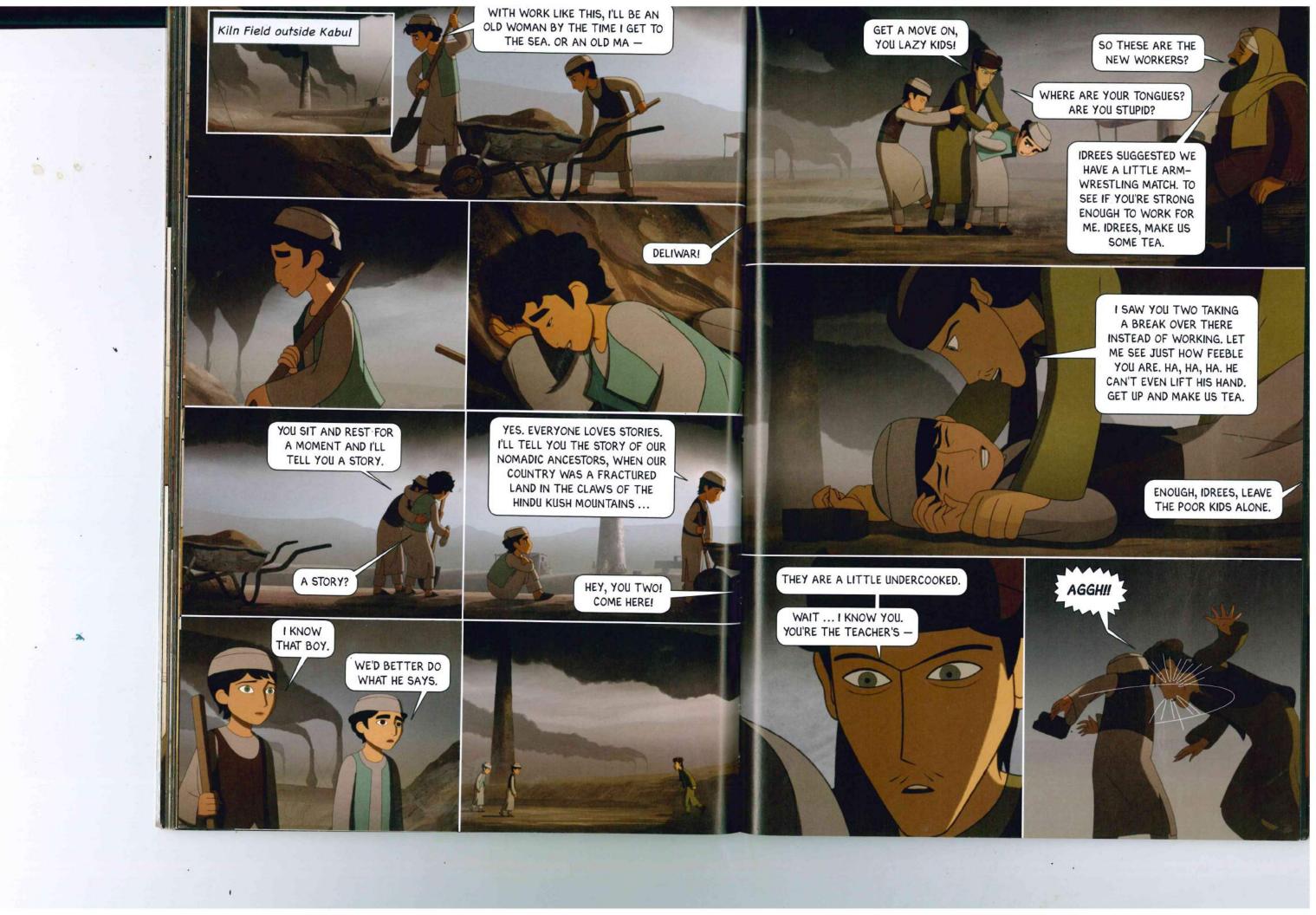






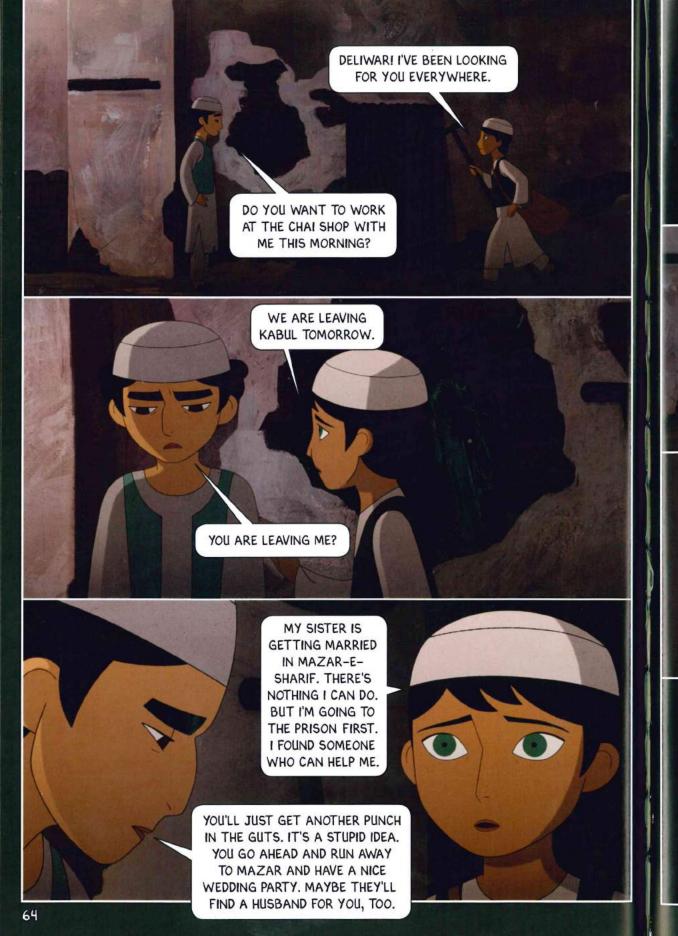


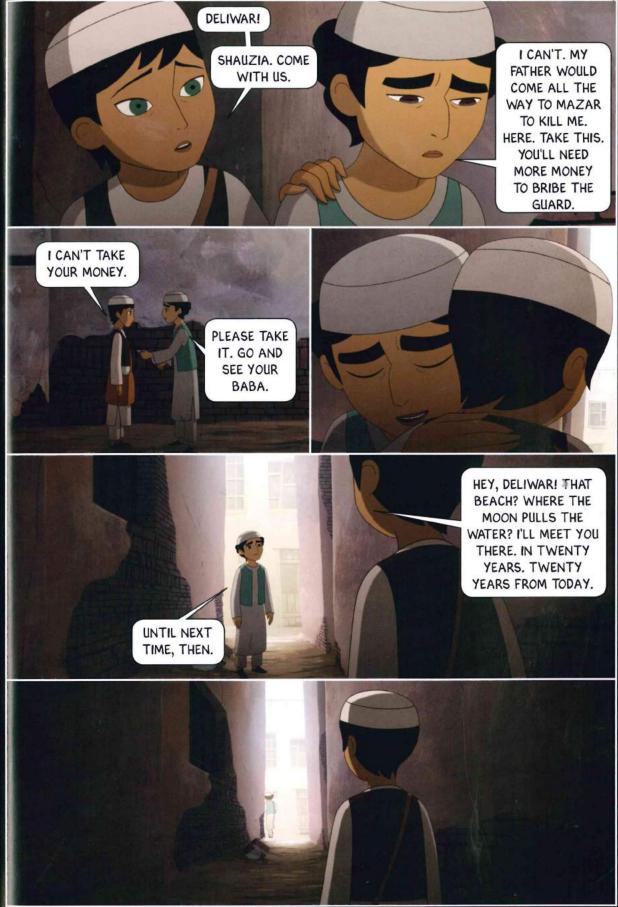




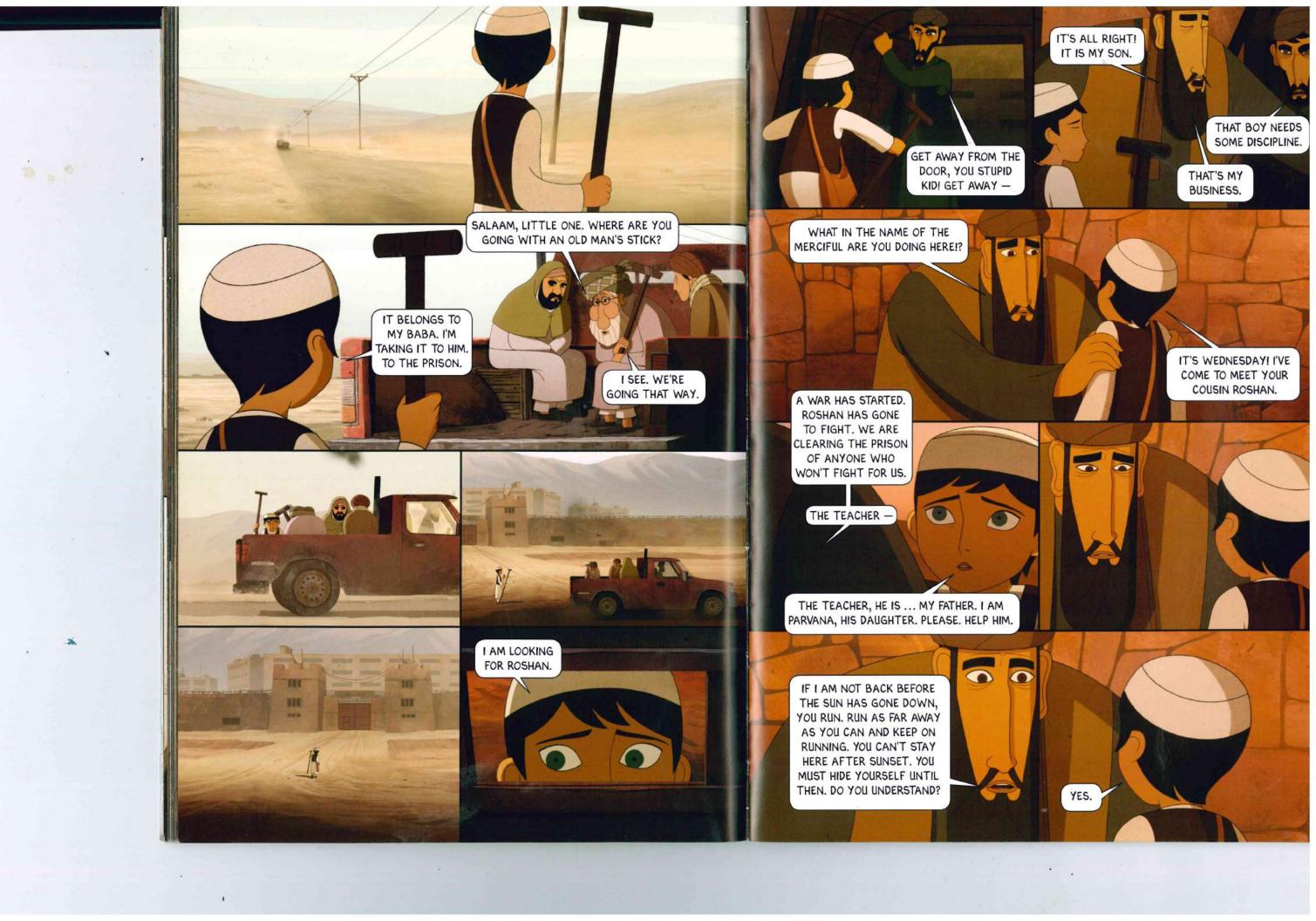




















RAISE YOUR WORDS, NOT YOUR VOICE. IT IS RAIN THAT MAKES THE FLOWERS GROW, NOT THUNDER. — RUMI



Historical Note



A fghanistan is a small country that acts as a bridge between Central Asia and South Asia. It has been invaded by Alexander the Great, the Mongol Empire, the British and the Soviet Union.

The Soviets invaded in 1979 when American-backed fighters rose up against the Soviet-supported government. The invasion kicked off a decade of brutality. Many of the military groups who opposed the Soviets were backed by the United States and other Western nations, even though these groups were not at all interested in achieving basic human rights for the Afghan people. The fighting was fierce, cruel and prolonged.

After the Soviets were defeated in 1989, a civil war erupted, as the many armed groups fought for control of the country. Millions of Afghans became refugees, moving into huge, impoverished refugee camps in Pakistan, Iran and Russia. Many Afghans were killed, maimed, blinded or orphaned. Many lost their minds from grief and terror.

The Taliban militia, one of the groups that the US and Pakistan once funded, trained and armed, took control of the capital city of Kabul in September 1996. They imposed extremely restrictive laws, especially on girls and women. Schools for girls were closed down, women were no longer allowed to work outside the home, and strict dress codes were enforced. Books were burned, televisions smashed and music was forbidden.

In the fall of 2001, al-Qaeda, a terrorist group that trained in Afghanistan (although largely made up of men from other countries), launched attacks on the Pentagon and the World Trade Center in New York City. In response, the United States led a coalition of nations into bombing Afghanistan and drove the Taliban from power. Over the next years, thousands of troops from

many countries lost their lives in Afghanistan, fighting the Taliban. Thousands of Afghan civilians were also killed, injured and driven from their homes by the fighting.

National elections were held, and a new constitution was written. Schools for girls and boys have opened, and women are now back in the workforce. The country still struggles to rise up out of decades of destruction.

Afghanistan is far from being a nation at peace. Although the laws have changed, many men still cling to the notion of women as their property, and rates of forced child marriages and abuse against women are high. Girls may have the right to go to school under the law, but a shortage of trained female teachers (many families will not send their daughters to a male teacher), difficulties in finding safe transportation, the belief among many that girls are primarily for marriage and childbearing, and a shortage of actual school buildings, books and supplies, mean that education is still an unattainable dream for most. Girls' schools have been burned down and women activists have been assassinated.

Afghans know war. They know oppression, and they know too well the experience of one brutality coming to an end only to be replaced by another. Yet there are so many people in that country who get out of bed each morning and spend their days trying to make things a little better for their family, their community and their country. This everyday kindness takes tremendous courage, and we can join them by doing what we can, where we can and when we can to make the world a kinder place for everyone.

- Deborah Ellis