**GR. 7 HUMAN SEXUALITY GLOSSARY – JUMBLE! **

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| **SCROTUM** | The inability to conceive a child. |
| **PUBERTY** | Small, oval gland in the brain that secretes hormones which promote growth & starts puberty. |
| **PITUITARY GLAND** | Rhythmic contractions. Climax of sexual excitement. Feelings of pleasure centered in genitals. |
| **HORMONES** | Monthly bloody discharge from the uterus, a “period”. |
| **MENSTRUATION** | Uterus entrance, passage between uterus & vagina. |
| **MONOGAMY** | The state of physical development when sexual reproduction first becomes possible. |
| **ORGASM** | The sexual joining of two people. |
| **OVARIES** | The main sex hormone in males. |
| **SEMEN** | Loose pouch of skin covered with pubic hair that contains the testicles. |
| **SEXUAL INTERCOURSE** | **S**exually **T**ransmitted **I**nfection from sexual contact (virus, bacteria, parasite). **Herpes, HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, crabs,** |
| **STI** | Female reproductive organs sits on each side of the uterus, produces eggs & sex hormones. |
| **TESTOSTERONE** | Female hormone produced mainly in the ovaries. |
| **VAGINA** | Thick whitish fluid containing sperm secreted by a male’s reproductive organs. |
| **ABSTINENCE** | In females, the canal leading from vulva to uterus. |
| **AROUSAL** | The practice of having 1 mate (sexual partner). |
| **CERVIX** | Protecting oneself from pregnancy using condoms, medications, etc. |
| **CONTRACEPTION** | Avoiding all sexual activities that lead to an exchange of bodily fluids. |
| **INFERTILITY** | Chemical messengers dispersed by blood, acts on target organs. Hormone production organs: pituitary, pancreas, ovary, testes, thyroid & adrenal. |
| **ESTROGEN** | The natural desire from sexual intercourse. |
| **LIBIDO** | Sexual excitement & stimulation. |

**GR. 7 NUTRITION GLOSSARY – ANSWERS **

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| **SCROTUM** | Loose pouch of skin covered with pubic hair that contains the testicles. |
| **PUBERTY** | The state of physical development when sexual reproduction first becomes possible. |
| **PITUITARY GLAND** | Small, oval gland in the brain that secretes hormones which promote growth & starts puberty. |
| **HORMONES** | Chemical messengers dispersed by blood, acts on target organs. Hormone production organs: pituitary, pancreas, ovary, testes, thyroid & adrenal. |
| **MENSTRUATION** | Monthly bloody discharge from the uterus, a “period”.  1 |
| **MONOGAMY** | C:\Users\Mr. Fitch\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCache\Content.Word\canstock28610669.jpg The practice of having 1 mate (sexual partner). |
| **ORGASM** | Rhythmic contractions. Climax of sexual excitement. Feelings of pleasure centered in genitals. |
| **OVARIES** | Female reproductive organs sits on each side of the uterus, produces eggs & sex hormones. |
| **SEMEN** | Thick whitish fluid containing sperm secreted by a male’s reproductive organs. |
| **SEXUAL INTERCOURSE** | male-and-female-relationship-sign The sexual joining of two people. |
| **STI** | **S**exually **T**ransmitted **I**nfection from sexual contact (virus, bacteria, parasite). **–herpes, HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, crabs,** |
| **TESTOSTERONE** | The main sex hormone in males. 123 |
| **VAGINA** | In females, the canal leading from vulva to uterus. |
| **ABSTINENCE** | Avoiding all sexual activities that lead to an exchange of bodily fluids. |
| **AROUSAL** | brainpowericon Sexual excitement & stimulation. |
| **CERVIX** | Uterus entrance, passage between uterus & vagina. |
| **CONTRACEPTION** | Protecting oneself from pregnancy using condoms, medications, etc. nursery |
| **INFERTILITY** | The inability to conceive a child. |
| **ESTROGEN** | C:\Users\Mr. Fitch\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCache\Content.Word\female-icon-29.png Female hormone produced mainly in the ovaries. |
| **LIBIDO** | hearty The natural desire from sexual intercourse. |